Sage Business Cloud Accounting: Importing Opening Balances



Importing Opening Balances

Learning Objectives

- Understand the importance of opening balances
- Create opening customer opening balances
- Create vendor opening balances
- Create bank opening balances
- Create general ledger opening balances

Opening balances represent the financial position of your company the day before you start entering transactions. Without accurate opening balances, you aren't able to gain a true picture of the financial position of your company from your reports.

If you recall, Christina began planning her business venture for Divine Chocolates months ago. She was tracking all her expenses, potential customers and bank balances in an excel spreadsheet. That can get pretty cumbersome. Now that she's utilizing **Accounting** she can add that information to be tracked and managed automatically.

She can enter opening balances for outstanding customer transactions, outstanding vendor transactions, bank account balances and general ledger trial balance values by importing them into Accounting.

To enter opening balances, Christina will need a list of her outstanding customer and vendor invoices and credit notes, closing trial balance from her previous accounting period and her bank statements. She'll also need a list of uncleared bank items from that haven't appeared on bank statements, for example, uncleared cheques.

With the grand opening a few days away, her timing is perfect since we recommend you start recording transactions from the start of a new accounting period, whether it's a new tax month or quarter or the start of your fiscal year.





NOTE: Throughout the duration of the course, you will encounter important icons and visual conventions as part of your learning experience to guide learners through the chapters. The cues are indicated here:

	Important Information / Important Note / Additional Information	Item where caution and attention is required or additional insight and information is provided.
	Exercise	Your opportunity to practice a concept.
	End of Exercise	Indicates the end of an exercise.
<u></u>	Check Your Knowledge	Review questions at the end of a lesson to check your understanding and ability to implement concepts.
₩	Summary	Overview of the most important items covered in a section or lesson.
	End of Lesson	The end of the lesson.



Customer Opening Balances

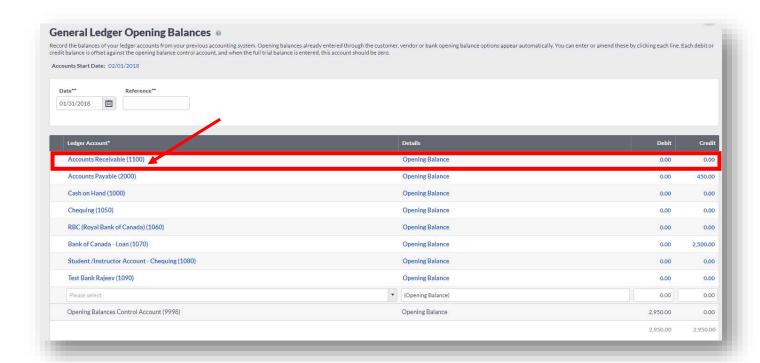
When Christina began planning her business, she was busy marketing and networking to potential clients and customers. In doing so, she gained several customers which she kept track of in Microsoft Excel. Divine Chocolates offered these customers reduced pricing, so Christina could try a few of her new ideas. Instead of entering all her new customers individually, **Accounting** enables you to import opening balances easily.



NOTE: Before entering opening balances, you need to create your customer, vendor, and bank account records, including loan accounts and credit cards. You can also enter opening balances for your bank accounts when you create the records.



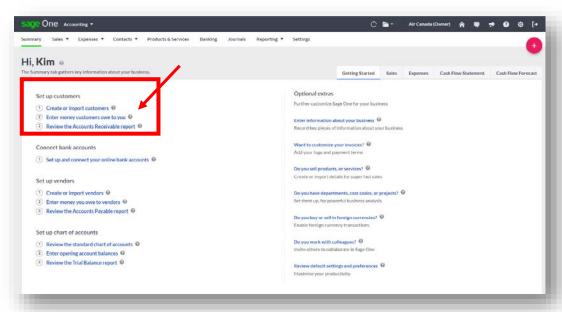
NOTE: Your customer opening balance total automatically provides the balance for your **Accounts Receivable** account in the **General Ledger Opening Balances** for your bank accounts when you create the records.



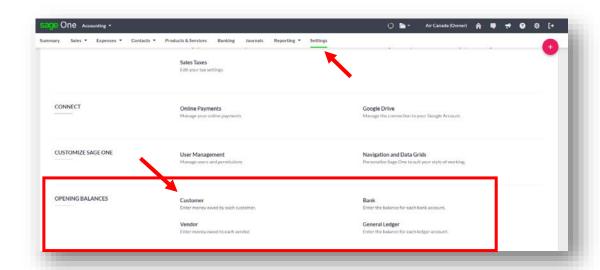


Let's begin by importing opening balances, for Christina's new customers from her previous tracking system, Microsoft Excel. This is the money customers owe Divine Chocolates:

 From the home screen navigate to Set Up Customers and select ② Enter Money Customer's Owe to You:

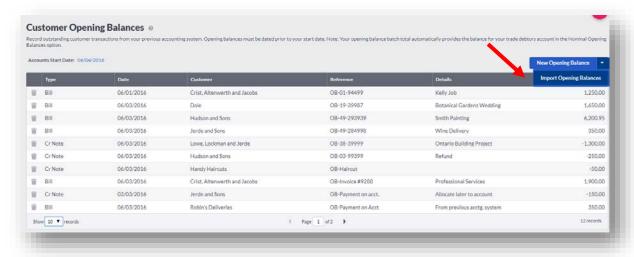


2. OR from the Accounting Settings navigate to Settings, scroll down to Opening Balances and select Customer:





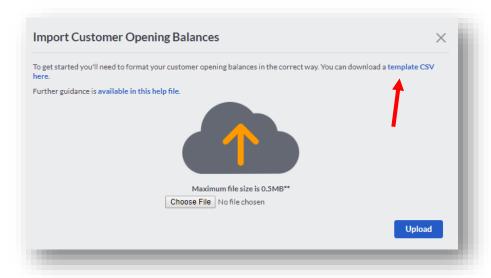
3. Navigate to the blue drop down menu and select Import Opening Balances. When the Import Vendor Opening Balances box launches, click Choose File and select the CSV file within your document list that you want to import.



There is a correctly formatted CSV template for use when importing files. To access it, click on **template CSV here** link.



NOTE: Opening balances must be dated prior to your start date.

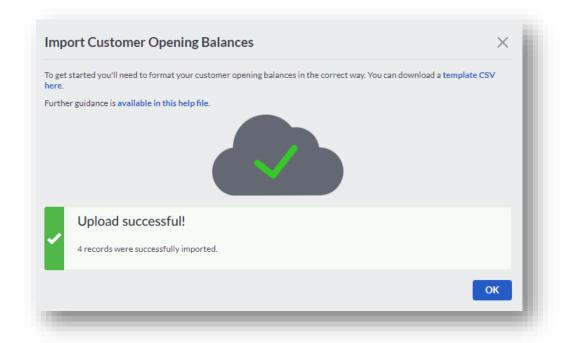






Lesson: For purposes of this lesson, use the EAP Curriculum Example Import Customer Opening Balances to upload Divine Chocolates Opening Balances customers previous customers. <u>EAP curriculum</u> example import customer opening balances.csv

Once the files have been imported, you will receive notification that your upload was successful:

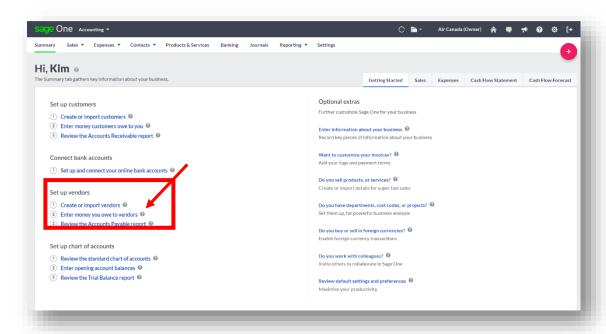




Vendor Opening Balances

Divine Chocolates will be using a few vendors in the initial phase of the business startup, including Toronto Chocolate Makers to place orders. **Accounting** is able to help keep track of how much Divine Chocolates owes their vendors. Importing Vendor Bills and Transactions can be done from two different places.

 From the home screen navigate to Set Up Vendors and select 2 Enter Money You Owe to Vendors:

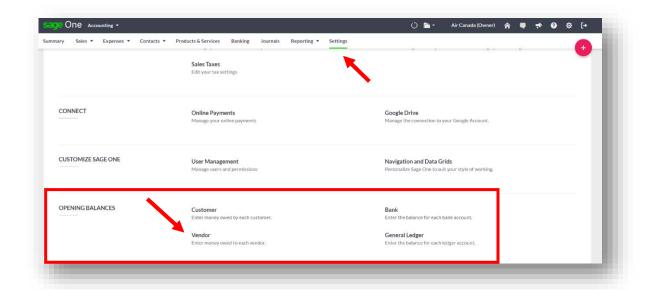


OR from the **Accounting** Settings.

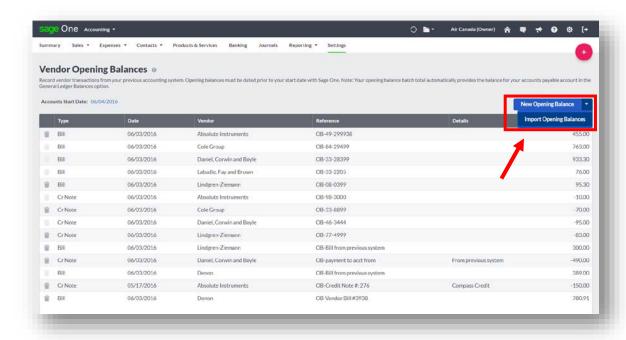
Navigate to Settings, scroll down to Opening Balances and select Vendor:

Christina's first bill is for milk, dark, and white chocolate samples she will be served during her grand opening event. She's also ordered some bags. Let's add those vendor opening balances to **Accounting.**





3. Navigate to the blue drop down menu and select Import Opening Balances. When the Import Vendor Opening Balances box launches, click Choose File and select the CSV file within your document list that you want to import.

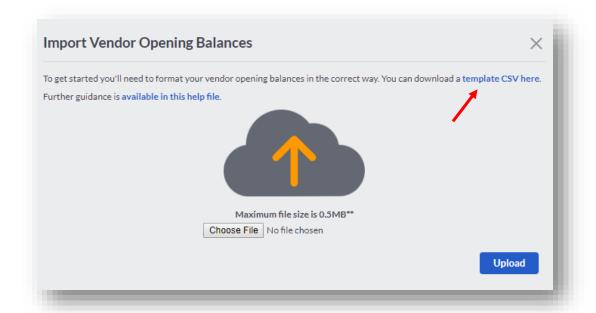


There is a correctly formatted CSV template for use when importing files. To access it, click on **template CSV here** link.



NOTE: Opening balances must be dated prior to your start date.

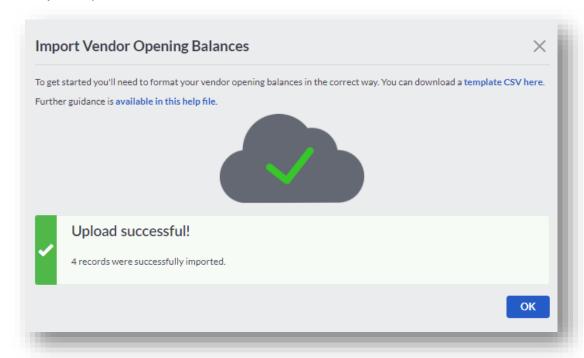






Lesson: For purposes of this lesson, use the EAP Curriculum Example Import Vendor Opening Balances to upload Divine Chocolates Opening Balances with Toronto Chocolate Makers. <u>EAP curriculum</u> example import vendor opening balances.csv

Once the files have been imported, you will receive notification that your upload was successful:



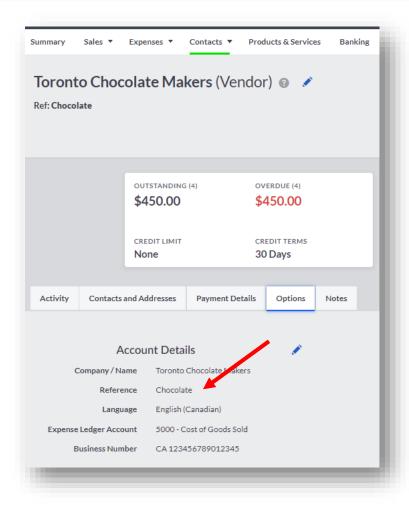




NOTE: If you receive an error message uploading your .CSV file, it's important to note, all column headers must match the information contained within the vendor record.

Example: The columns in the Sage provided template requires a **Vendor Reference** and **Reference**. This information is pulled directly from the Vendor Record:

Туре	Date	Business Name	Vendor Reference	Reference	Details	Total
Bill	1/30/2018	Toronto Chocolate Makers	Chocolate	Chocolate	White Chocolate	125
Bill	1/30/2018	Toronto Chocolate Makers	Chocolate	Chocolate	Dark Chocolate	125
Bill	1/15/2018	Toronto Chocolate Makers	Chocolate	Chocolate	Milk Chocolate	125
Bill	1/18/2018	Toronto Chocolate Makers	Chocolate	Chocolate	Retail Bags	75

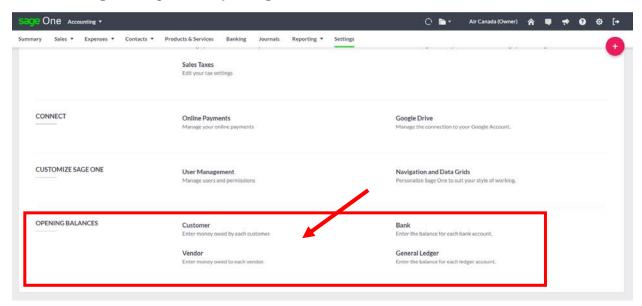




Bank Opening Balances

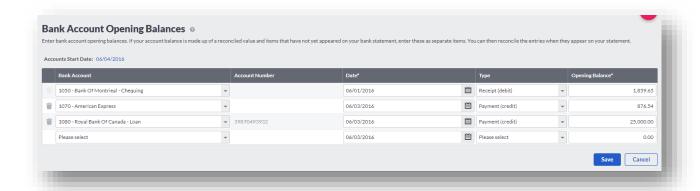
It is important to add the balances of existing bank accounts into **Accounting** before entering any transactions. Divine Chocolates opened a commercial bank account with the Bank of Montreal to conduct business. Christina also has a credit card from American Express used for business expenses. Lastly, Christina has taken a loan out from The Royal Bank of Canada in the amount of 25,000\$. There are two ways to enter opening balances, into **Accounting**. 1. From within the bank account record in Banking and 2. within **Accounting** settings.

From **Settings**, navigate to **Opening Balances** and select **Bank**:





NOTE: Before entering opening balances, you must enter your accounts start date, within Financial Settings, which should be the day that you start using **Accounting**. Entering opening balances is the only activity that can be dated prior to the accounts start date.

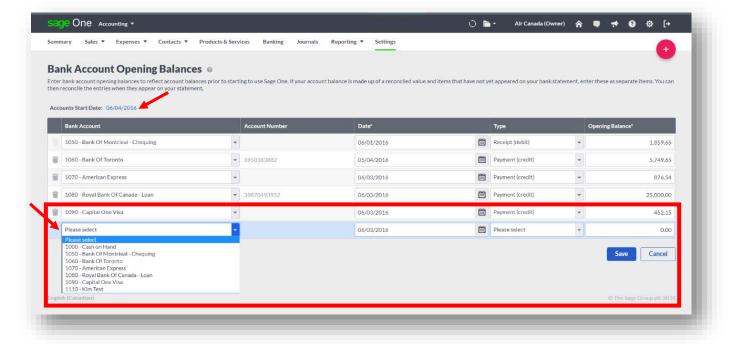






NOTE: If you've already entered opening balances while creating your accounts within banking, they appear here. Provided the opening balance hasn't been bank reconciled, you can change the amount. If it has been reconciled, and you need to change the amount, you can post the opposite entry for the difference. For example, if you entered a debit value of 5000\$ but the bank opening balance should actually be 4000\$, enter a credit for the same bank on the same date for 1000\$.

 Navigate to the first line item and select the bank account to add the opening balance.



2. Add the account number and the date (must be before the **Accounts Start Date**) For example, since Divine Chocolates started using **Accounting** for the first time on June 1st, we should use May 31 for the opening balance date.



Begin by entering the commercial bank Account Christina opened at the Bank of Montreal with an opening balance of 5000\$.



3. Choose whether the balance is a debit or credit value in the **Type** field.



Next, enter the opening balance for the American Express Divine Chocolates utilizes for business expenses in the amount of 876.54\$.

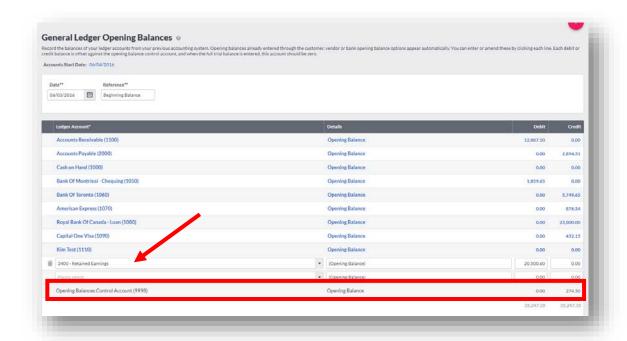


Lastly, enter the opening balance for the The Royal Bank of Canada in the amount of 25,000\$.

4. Repeat these steps until you have entered all bank account trial balances from your bank/credit card/loan statements in the **Opening Balance** field. After all opening balances are entered, click **Save.**



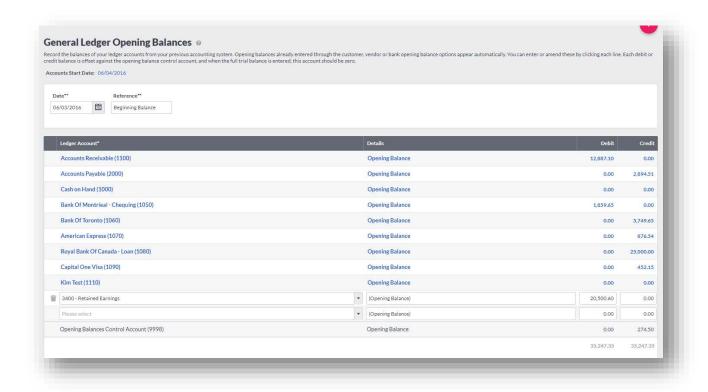
NOTE: As you enter your trial balances, to ensure the total debits and credits balance, the opposite entry posts to the **Opening Balances Control Account**. Once you've entered all the values from your trial balance, this account should have a zero balance. If not, make sure you have entered the correct values for each entry.





General Ledger Opening Balances

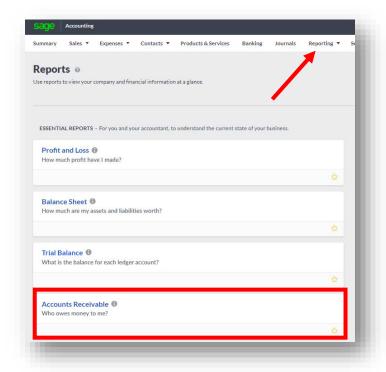
The last part of opening balances are the General Ledger opening balances. Here we'll record ledger accounts from a previous accounting system. As you can see, the opening balances we entered for Divine Chocolates customers, vendors and bank opening balance options appear automatically. Each debit or credit balance is offset against the opening balance control account, and when the full trial balance is entered, this account should be zero.

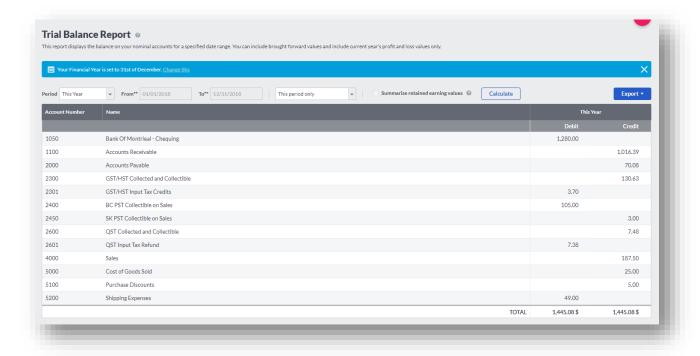


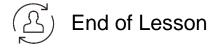
Once all balances and transactions have been entered, print out a **Trial Balance** report. This can be used to review the balance of each ledger account and compare it with the balance/ledgers in a previous system (or excel).



Navigate to Reports from within the menu bar and select Trial Balance Report:









	Check Your Knowledge				
Ar	nswer the following questions about the material covered in this lesson.				
Sł	nort Answer				
W	rite a short answer to the question below.				
1.	efore entering opening balances, what records need to be created first within ecounting?				
Fil	II In The Blank				
2.	Your <i>customer</i> opening balance total automatically provides the balance for your account in the for your bank accounts when you create the records.				
	A Accounts Payable/Vendor Opening Balances B Discount/Checking Account Balances				
	C Income Statement/Profit & Loss Balances D Accounts Receivable/ General Ledger Opening Balances				
3.	What file type is used to import opening balances into Accounting: APDF BOFC CCSV D You can't import opening balances. You can only enter them individually.				
Tr	rue or False				
	nter 'T' for True or 'F' for False for each of the affirmations below.				
	Opening balances must be dated prior to your start date. As trial balances are entered into Accounting the opposite entry posts to the Opening Balances Control Account to ensure the total debits and credits balance.				
6.	There are two ways to enter opening balances into Accounting: 1. From within the bank account record in Banking and 2. within Accounting settings				



Please note:

Every effort has been made to ensure that the information provided in this educational series is accurate, up-to-date, and complete, but no guarantee is made to that effect. URLs and additional resources 'Beyond the Classroom' are continuously changing. Because the software is customizable in a number of ways, the language used in this guide may be different from what you 'see' when you work with your company's data file(s).

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